

**(MR3300308) REVIEW OF “F-ING MODULES” BY ANDREAS
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Functional programming languages can be seen as versions of lambda calculus suitable for writing programs that will actually run on a computer. However, besides only a type system for the implemented lambda calculus, functional languages need to add a system for encapsulation of sub-routines, called a module system, that is indispensable when combining sub-routines into large programs.

A module system presents another kind of type system on top of the type system of the underlying lambda calculus, but this super-type system is usually not studied in terms of orthodox proof theoretic calculi. The paper under review is a contribution in this direction. It shows how to give a direct encoding of most features of module systems of existing functional programming languages from the ML family, in terms of System F_ω , a relatively well studied extension of Girard's and Reynold's System F which is in turn in Curry-Howard correspondence to minimal intuitionistic second-order logic. The encoding however leaves out the possibility of defining recursive modules.

The paper is also valuable as a survey of previous works in the semantics of module systems.